

# Kingtronics®

## BT139 800T

### THREE QUADRANT TRIACS

Blocking voltage - 800 Volts On-state RMS current - 16.0 Ampere

#### FEATURES

- ◆ Ultra low gate trigger current
- ◆ Low cost package

#### APPLICATIONS

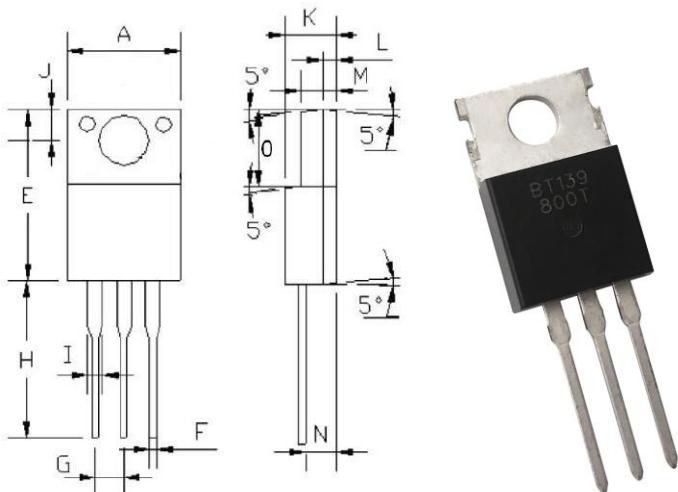
◆ Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching

- ◆ Heating regulation
- ◆ Motor control
- ◆ Phase control

#### DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated high commutation triacs in a full pack, plastic envelope intended for use in circuits where high static and dynamic  $dV/dt$  and high  $di/dt$  can occur. These devices will commute the full rated rms current at the maximum rated junction temperature, without the aid of a snubber.

#### TO-220F



DIM	Inches		Millimeters		DIM	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max		Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.396	0.404	10.050	10.250	J	0.123	0.131	3.130	3.330
E	0.618	0.630	15.700	16.000	K	0.182	0.186	4.630	4.730
F	0.028	0.035	0.700	0.900	L	0.030(TYP.)		0.77(TYP.)	
G	0.093	0.108	2.350	2.750	M	0.097	0.101	2.470	2.570
H	0.500	0.512	12.700	13.000	N	0.104	0.112	2.650	2.850
I	0.049	0.057	1.240	1.440	O	0.258	0.262	6.550	6.650

#### PINNING INFORMATION

PIN	Description	Simplified outline	Symbol
1	main terminal 1(T1)		
-	-		
3	Gate(G)		

TO-220F

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX	UNIT
$V_{DRM}$ $V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state voltages	800	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	16	A
$I_{TSM}$	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	120	A

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{th j-mb}$	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base	full cycle	-	-	1.5	K/W
		half cycle	-	-	2.0	K/W
$R_{th i-a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	in free air	-	60	-	K/W

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### LIMITING VALUE

Limiting values in accordance with the Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \leq 102^\circ C$	-	16	A
	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ C$ prior to surge	$t = 20 \text{ ms}$	-	120
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$	-	45	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$dI_T/dt$	Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering	$I_{TM} = 16 \text{ A}; I_G = 0.2 \text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 0.2 \text{ A/s}$	$T2+ G+$ $T2- G-$	-	100
				-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
				-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$I_{GM}$	Peak gate current		-	2	A
$V_{GM}$	Peak gate voltage		-	8	V
$P_{GM}$	Peak gate power		-	16	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power	over any 20 ms period	-	0.35	W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-40	150	$^\circ C$
$T_i$	Junction temperature		-40	125	$^\circ C$

### CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>Static characteristics</b>						
$I_{GT}$	Gate trigger current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$	$T2+ G+$ $T2+ G-$ $T2- G-$	-	10	35
				-	15	35
				-	15	35
$I_L$	Latching current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	$T2+ G+$ $T2+ G-$ $T2- G-$	-	20	50
				-	30	80
				-	20	50
$I_H$	Holding current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.15 \text{ A}$		-	20	40
$V_T$	On-state voltage	$I_T = 20 \text{ A}$		-	-	1.85
$V_{GT}$	Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$	$T2+ G+$ $T2+ G-$ $T2- G-$	0.5	0.78	1.5
				0.5	0.70	1.5
				0.5	0.71	1.5

### Dynamic Characteristics

$dV_D/dt$	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)}; T_j = 125^\circ C$ ; Exponential wave form; gate open circuit	250	500	-	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
$dI_{com}/dt$	Critical rate of change of commutating current	$V_D = 400 \text{ V}; T_j = 125^\circ C$ $I_{T(RMS)} = 4.4 \text{ A}$ ; Commutating $dV/dt = 18 \text{ V/s}$ , Without snubber; gate open circuit	6.5	-	-	$\text{A}/\text{ms}$
$dI/dt$	Repetitive Critical Rate of Rise of On-State Current	$I_{PK} = 50 \text{ A}$ ; PW = 40 sec; $dI_G/dt = 200 \text{ mA/set}$ ; f = 60 Hz	-	-	10	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

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### RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES BT139 800T

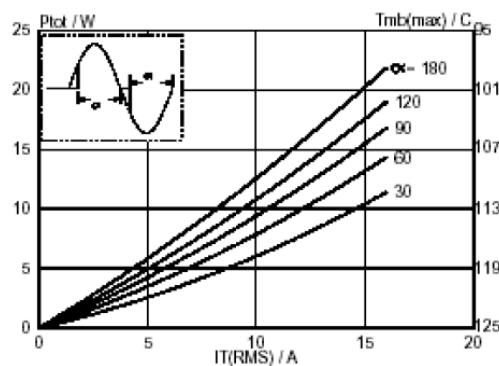


Fig. 1. Maximum on-state dissipation,  $P_{d(on)}$ , versus rms on-state current,  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , where  $\alpha$  = conduction angle.

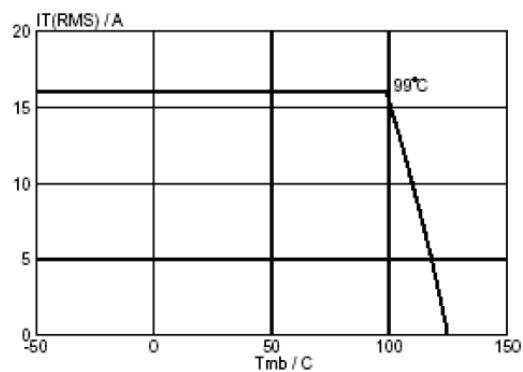


Fig. 4. Maximum permissible rms current  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , versus mounting base temperature  $T_{mb}$ .

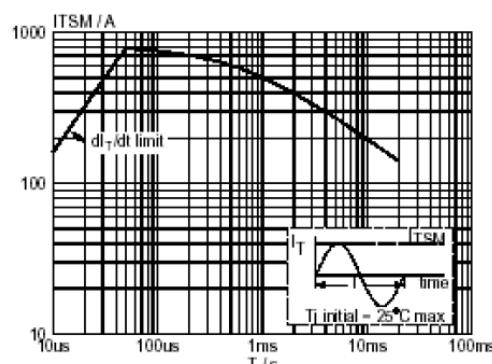


Fig. 2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current  $I_{TSM}$ , versus pulse width  $t_p$ , for sinusoidal currents,  $f \leq 20ms$ .

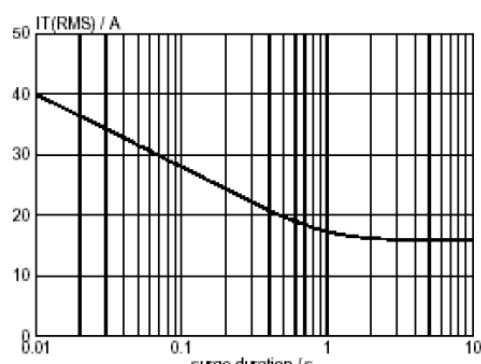


Fig. 5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents,  $f = 50Hz$ ;  $T_{mb} \leq 99^\circ C$ .

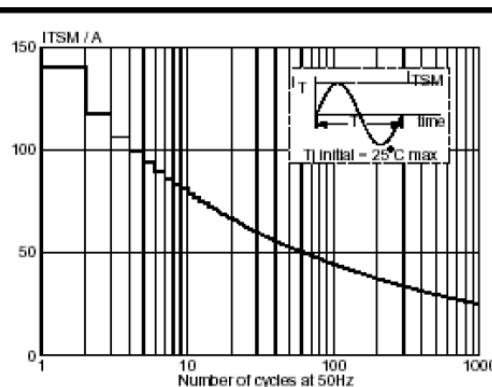


Fig. 3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current  $I_{TSM}$ , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents,  $f = 50 Hz$ .

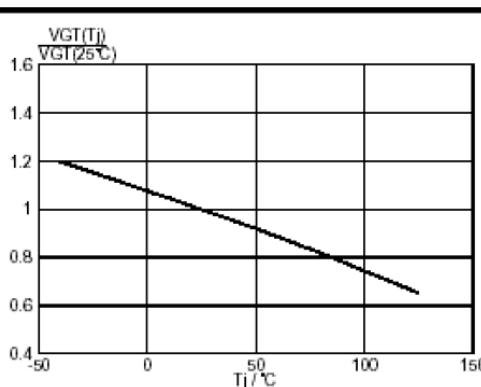


Fig. 6. Normalised gate trigger voltage  $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25^\circ C)$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$ .

Note: Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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### RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES BT139 800T

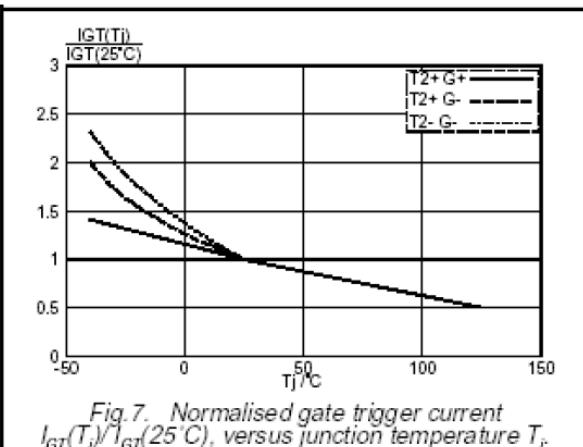


Fig. 7. Normalised gate trigger current  $I_{GT}(T_j)/I_{GT}(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$

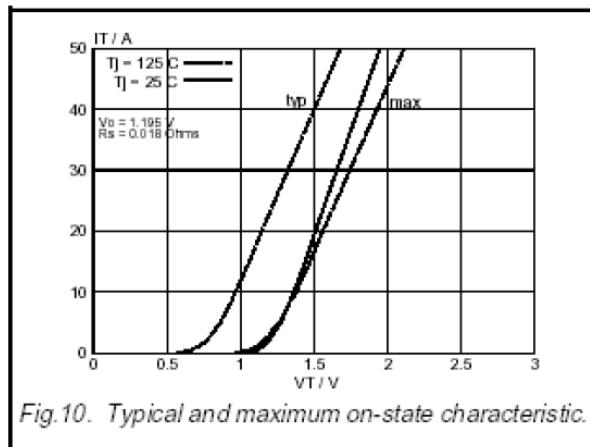


Fig. 10. Typical and maximum on-state characteristic.

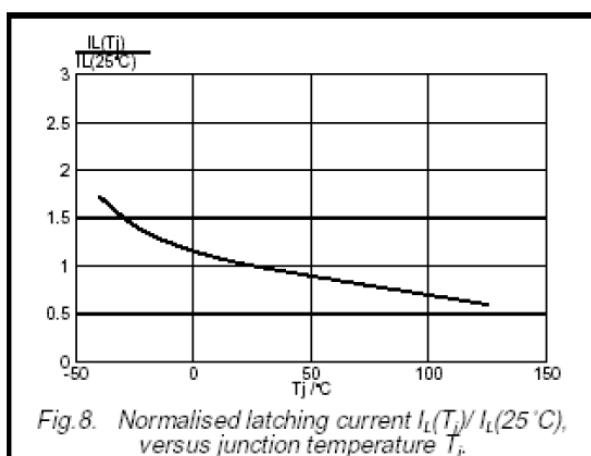


Fig. 8. Normalised latching current  $I_L(T_j)/I_L(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$

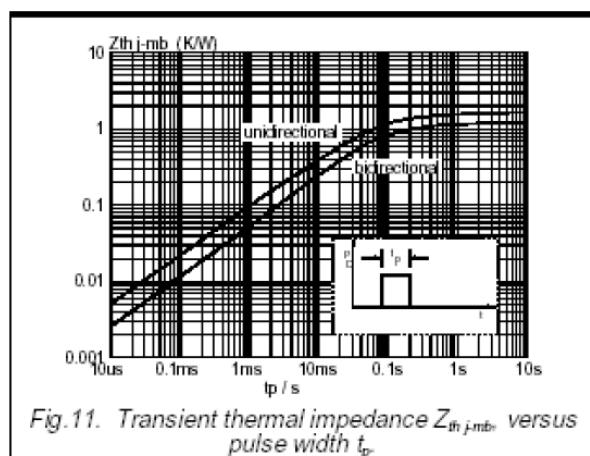


Fig. 11. Transient thermal impedance  $Z_{th,j-mb}$  versus pulse width  $t_p$

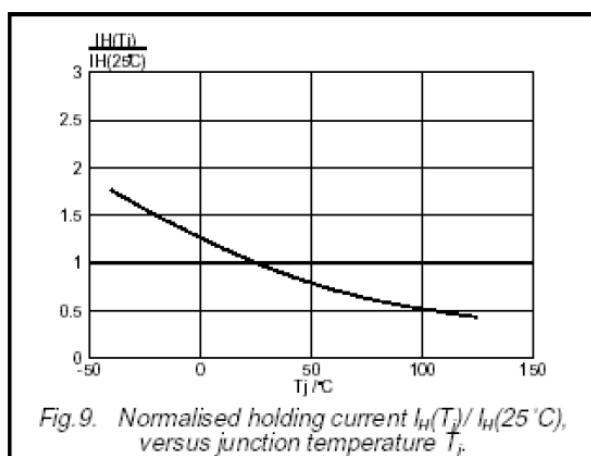


Fig. 9. Normalised holding current  $I_H(T_j)/I_H(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$

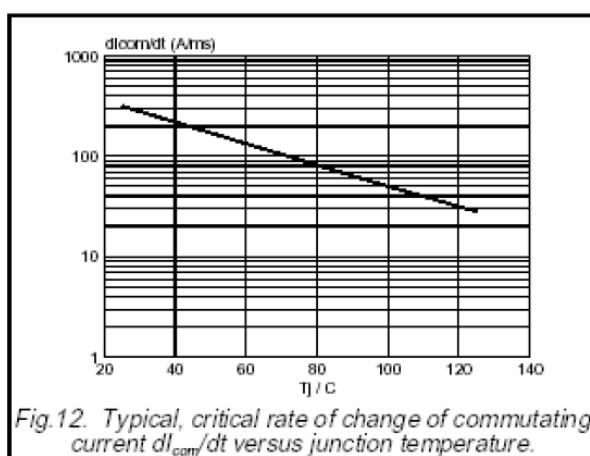


Fig. 12. Typical, critical rate of change of commutating current  $dl_{com}/dt$  versus junction temperature.

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